Important Dates / Fechas Importantes

Mon., Oct. 7, 2019 ➔ Last Day to Register to Vote
Mon., Oct. 21, 2019 ➔ First Day of Early in Person Voting
Fri., Oct. 25, 2019 ➔ Last Day to Apply for Ballot by Mail (Received, not Postmarked)
Fri., Nov. 1, 2019 ➔ Last Day of Early in Person Voting
Tues., Nov. 5, 2019 ➔ Election Day

Questions?

How do I know where to vote and if I’m registered?
Find out where to vote here: tinyurl.com/checkTXreg.
The “My Voter Page” will let you know if you are registered to vote.
Your local newspapers may also publish Election Day polling sites.

When do I vote?
Polls open at 7 AM and close at 7 PM on Election Day.

What if I’m busy on Election Day?
You can vote early! Early voting in person occurs during the days listed to the left. If you will be away from your county during early voting and on Election Day, you can apply for a ballot by mail. You can also vote by mail if you are 65 or older, disabled, or an eligible voter in jail.

I have a disability and can’t stand in line. Can I get help?
Voters with disabilities can use curbside voting. Let a poll worker know that you need assistance as soon as you arrive at the polling place.

More questions? Visit our Prepared to Vote resource page for detailed information on voting procedures in Texas! www.naacpldf.org/preparedtovote

Problems voting on or before Election Day?
Call Election Protection:
1-866-OUR-VOTE
1-888-687-8683

¿Problemas para votar en o antes del día de votación?
Llame al Election Protection:
1-888-VE-Y-VOTA
1-888-839-8682

turn over for voter id information ➔
What kind of photo ID can I use to vote?

- Texas Driver’s License
- Texas Identification Card
- United States Military ID
- United States Citizenship Certificate
- United States Passport (Book or Card)
- Texas Election ID Certificate
- Texas Handgun License

• Except for the U.S. citizenship certificate, the photo ID that you present must be current or expired by no more than four years. (The address on your ID DOES NOT need to match the address on the list of voters.)
• You may use ID expired by more than four years if you are 70 or older.
• You do not possess one of the above photo IDs if it is lost, stolen, suspended, revoked, or expired by more than four years.
• Registered voters can get a ‘free’ Election Identification Certificate with a photo ID from a Texas Department of Public Safety office.

You can vote with a regular ballot if you can't get a photo ID!

How to vote by regular ballot without a photo ID:
1. Let the poll managers know that you do not have a photo ID and had a reasonable impediment to getting one.
2. Have an alternative form of ID to show the poll manager. You can use:
   • a valid voter registration certificate;
   • a copy or original birth certificate, current utility bill, bank statement, government check, government document with your name and an address, etc.
   (The address DOES NOT have to match the address on the list of voters.)
3. Sign a declaration identifying yourself and your reason for not having an accepted photo ID; and
4. Vote with a Regular Ballot!

What if I don’t have a reasonable impediment OR any alternative IDs with me?
If you do not have any of the required IDs when you vote, you will be asked to cast a provisional ballot. For your provisional ballot to count, you must return to the county voter registrar with an accepted ID within 6 calendar days.

LDF Litigation
LDF has challenged certain aspects of Texas’s voter identification requirements. These materials do not represent an endorsement of those requirements or waiver of any legal claims.

Disclaimer
This card is a resource, not legal advice. It is provided for informational purposes only and not as a substitute for or supplement to the legal advice necessary to address the specific concerns of any individual. Moreover, Texas may revise its laws after the publication of this card. Therefore, it is your responsibility to determine how all applicable laws concerning voter registration, voting, and the restoration of voting rights in Texas affect you. LDF is challenging certain aspects of Texas’s voter identification requirements. These materials do not represent an endorsement of those requirements or waiver of any legal claims.